

Jewish Community of Rhodes

NEWSLETTER

2021



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Tree planting in memory of those lost in the Holocaust



On 27 January 1945, Soviet troops liberated the Auschwitz-Birkenau extermination camp.

In November 2005, during its sixtieth General Assembly of their Delegates, the United Nations designated 27 January as an International Day of Remembrance for Victims and urged its member countries to develop educational programs that would carry the memory of this tragedy to future generations.

On this occasion and the occasion of "TuBisvat", the celebration of the "Birthday" of the trees, that this year coincided the International Holocaust Remembrance Day, the Jewish Community of Rhodes honored these two great days of remembrance and devotion. We planted fifteen (15) trees in the "Forest of Memory", in the forested burned area of Kandili - Tsairi, in memory of those lost in the Holocaust, in partnership with the public utility company "For Nature" that handles the creation of the "Forest of Memory".

Stamatiou Foundation



In honor of the International Holocaust Remembrance, Stamatiou Foundation announced as followed: “Rhodes Scholarship Foundation Emmanouil & Mary Stamatiou and “Ciné Chevalier”, commemorating the upcoming International Day of Remembrance for the victims of the Holocaust on January 27, are pleased to announce that the documentary film entitled: ‘Samuel Modiano: The mission. From Rhodes to Auschwitz’ it is now uploaded on the Foundation's website and is freely accessible to any interested person with available subtitles in Greek, English and French. We owe warm thanks to the Jewish Community of Rhodes and its Director Mrs. Cohen for the offer of the subtitling of our film in French.”

To watch the documentary, **copy and paste** the following link into your Browser's Address Bar

https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=330&v=ulLD3Ph9VaU&feature=emb_logo

Available subtitles: English, French, Greek, and Spanish.

Rhodes honored the memory of the Holocaust victims – Events 2021



The commemoration events for the Jews of Rhodes and Kos, exterminated by the Nazis during the Holocaust, took place in Rhodes on 26.7.2021.

The event began at the Kahal Shalom, with a memorial prayer by the Rabbi of Athens, Gabriel Negrin and the lighting of the candles in memory of the victims. The Vice President of the Administrative Committee of the JC of Rhodes and General Treasurer of the Central Jewish Board of Greece, Mr Benardout, welcomed the representatives of the Authorities and the Jewish Communities. Greetings followed from the dignitaries: the Regional Governor Mr Chatzimarkos, the Mayor of Rhodes, Mr Kambourakis and the President of the Central Jewish Board of Greece, Mr Saltiel. The keynote speaker, Ambassador Christodoulos Lazaris, President of IHRA, spoke about the work of the International Alliance for the Remembrance of the Holocaust and the importance that this year's Greek Presidency of IHRA attaches to the preservation of historical memory through education. Ambassador Lazaris emphasized the planned actions aimed at promoting the research and the history of the Holocaust of Jewish communities in Greece.



The laying of the wreaths followed at the Holocaust Memorial in the Jewish Martyrs Square.

The events were also attended by the Ambassador of Israel in Greece, Yossi Amrani, the Consul of Italy in Rhodes Nikos Farmakidis, the Counselor of the German Embassy Carsten Hoelscher, representatives of all religious faiths, the Police department, Vice-Regional Governors, Vice Mayors, the Association of Shopkeepers of the Old Town, representatives of local associations, as well as representatives of Jewish Communities from all over Greece.

Film screening in Rhodes as part of the commemoration events has become an annual tradition. On 21.7.2021, we showed the French film "Un Sac de Billes" by Christian Nigier. The plot unfolds in Nazi-occupied France, where two young siblings of Jewish origin attempt on their own to avoid captivity, the deadly dangers that threaten them from the German cordon, and to be reunited with their family.

Act of Remembrance and Tribute to martyrs and survivors of the Shoah of the Communities of Rhodes, Thessaloniki and Kos by the Jewish Community of Buenos Aires

This year, the 27th Av coincided with the date the convoy arrived with the Jews of Rhodes and Kos at Auschwitz. On Thursday, August 5, 2021, the Jewish Community of Buenos Aires organized an Act of Remembrance and Tribute for the martyrs and survivors of the Shoah of the Communities of Rhodes, Thessaloniki and Kos.

The event was web-based, with open access via Zoom and YouTube.

Marcelo Benveniste asked us to film a short video with a few words on behalf of the Community for the event.

Click to watch the event

The transcript of the Community's message

"It is with great emotion that I am here with you this year, representing the Jewish Community of Rhodes and I would like to thank you all of you for the honor. We are gathered to pay tribute to the

victims of Rhodes and Kos, to our relatives, our parents, to our brothers

The most unavoidable ordeal that all human beings one day come to experience. : the death of a close relative, of a loved one.

But how mourns and who mourns the hundreds of thousands of families who were lost without leaving anyone behind and who did not claim a single piece of land?

There is always a sense of personal responsibility, usually unjustly, that we did not do what was necessary to prevent evil.

There is also a question why? The Holocaust of the Jews of Europe, the Holocaust of our own people, tests the limits of reason. Auschwitz. is a torn page of the history written in unfamiliar text, a truth that still awaits to be deciphered.

Auschwitz showed us what a person can be and what he can do when he is inspired by the principles and ideas of racism, Nazism and anti-Semitism.

As we witness more and more extreme racism and bigotry in recent years, our duty to memory is becoming even more important we must work to ensure that -through education and knowledge - the sacrifice of the victims of the Holocaust will be an eternal lesson that will shield the new generation.

But our biggest promise is that their memory will remain immortal and our mourning will be eternal.

May they rest in peace"

The Bat mitzvah of the year

A Bar or Bat Mitzvah is the transition from childhood to adulthood. It is an important milestone in the life of every Jewish child and helps to reinforce the importance of retaining one's identity.

That is why we always feel honored when a family chooses to share with us this joyous event.

On the 5th of August, the families of Richter and Kravtsov chose our Synagogue to celebrate the b'nai mitzvah of their daughters Viana Elizabeth Richter and Natalie Sarah Kravtsov.

Mazal Tov!

Article on Vilnius Jewish Community Website

The Head of Vilnius Jewish Public Library, Žilvinas Beliauskas, contacted us while on vacation in Rhodes with his family. We have a mutual friend, Prof. Richard Freund. He had read all of Prof. Freund's articles about Rhodes and his book "The Archaeology of the Holocaust: Vilna, Rhodes, and Escape Tunnels". The purpose of his visit was to learn about the community's life today and to interview an active member for an article on the Vilnius Jewish Community website.

<https://www.vilniauszydai.lt/post/k%C4%85-rodo-rodas>

Felicina's Pontis documentary



On the 13th of July, at Lazzaretto of Cagliari, Prof. Felicina Pontis, who is a friend of the community and had visited many times Rhodes while working on this project, presented on a live broadcast her documentary about Sardinians in Rhodes and their interactions with the Greek Orthodox and Jewish communities during the Fascist period. The foundation of Sardinia funded the documentary.

Her mother's many stories, in her early years, were the inspiration for the project. Her mother, Maria Bonaria Pisou, was a survivor of the Rhodes concentration camp. Her family immigrated to Rhodes as skilled farmers and lived on the island for about ten years, having excellent relations with Greek Orthodox and Jews. After their release from Rhodes concentration camp, they returned to Sardinia, losing track of her Jewish best friend and their Greek friends.

Felicina invited our director, Mrs Cohen, to speak at the event via Zoom.

The speakers of the event were: the holocaust survivor from Rhodes Alberto Israel, the survivor Marco Di Porto who with his family found refuge in a convent of nuns and he is now a guide to the Holocaust Museum in Rome and an historian, the journalist Giuseppe Giannotti, son of a holocaust survivor from Rhodes, the head of the Orthodox Church Father Antonio Gjonej, the Greek Consul in Sardinia Dr Antonio Solla, the President of the Greek Community in Sardinia Dr Maria Pia Orru', the historian Marco Clementi from Milan, the historian Evangelia Panai from Rhodes, Michele Senatore, Carmen Cohen director of the Jewish community of Rhodes and the Referent of the Foundation of Sardinia.

The Private Secretary of the Bishop of Sassari, Prof Franco Camba, moderated the event.

Prof. Noemi Balloi performed songs in the Sardinian language, and the painter Attilio Giurgola presented a creation of his that was on the invitation poster. Students of the IHE Giua of Cagliari read passages from a research project.

Artifact's collection

In 2021, we applied for a grant in a foreign organization to catalogue and digitize all the museum's and the community's artifacts, books, documents, manuscripts and photos. Our application was accepted, and we were able to start and complete our project within the year.

Selected objects from the collections of the Jewish Museum of Rhodes



JMR 2002.014

Commemorative stone of the Bikur Holim hospital

Rectangular stone plaque, with a Ladino (Judeo-Spanish) inscription in Hebrew letters decorated with counter-curved arch and framed with a band of triangles, stating that the building was constructed with funds of the Bikur Holim society fund, in 5684 (1924).

This plaque was once attached above the entrance of the Jewish hospital that took care of the sick (Bikur Holim), in today's Vizantiou Street, in the former Jewish quarter of Rhodes.



JMR 2021.007

Business envelope

Business envelope of M.J. Menasce International Pharmacy and Drugstore, Rhodes, sent to Emilio Daho, Milano, on June 25, 1923 (post stamp). Daho's company was specialized in diet and regimen foods.



JMR 1999.009

(detail photo)

Sash

Woman's dress accessory, cloth band worn around the waist.

Cream coloured cotton sash with floral embroidery at both ends, in silver and multicoloured silk threads, Rhodes, 19th century.

Handmade by Miriam Notrica in Rhodes, who was the great-grandmother of the donor Miru Alcana, from Los Angeles.

OBITUARIES**Renee Sha'altiel****1947-2021**

On December 9, 2021, we learned with great sadness that our beloved Renee Sha'altiel has passed away.

Renee was the sister of the President of the Committee Mrs. Bella Restis.

She was an active and dynamic member of the Jewish Community in Cape Town. She loved Rhodes and she had never forgotten her roots. She was always by her sister's side supporting all our projects.

A worthy wife, mother and grandmother who with meekness and stability passed on to her family the Jewish values and the Jewish tradition.

Her memory will remain in everyone's hearts.

May God rest her soul and give comfort to her family.

Rudi Leavor (1926 – 2021)

We were very saddened to hear about the loss of Dr. Rudi Leavor

Rudi Leavor was a dearest friend and a supporter of our community.

We were very honored to have made his acquaintance and have a friendly relation. He was such a sweet and kind person.

He inspired everyone around him. He was awarded the British Empire Medal in the Queen's Birthday's Honours List, for his work with the local Jewish community and in interfaith and community relations.

He was very committed to preserving the history, customs and traditions of his Community and of Judaism in general.

We pray to God that his soul will get the peace and go to heaven.

Enrico Aidan (1952-2021)

Enrico Aidan, President and Managing Director of Casino Rhodes, passed away on the 24th of May 2021 at 69 years old.

He was born in 1952 in Libya, and moved shortly later to Italy, where he spent his adulthood. He studied Business Administration in the USA and worked effortlessly in the Hospitality and Casino sector for over four decades in managerial positions in multiple countries across the globe, before settling in Rhodes in 1998.

He stood out for his professional passion and ethos, for his dynamic character, his exceptional professional performance, but also for his love for people, colleagues and life. Great visionary and pioneer, he sealed with his presence a whole era of the economic and social life of Rhodes. He took over the helm of Rhodes Casino in 1999, creating a recreation area never seen before on the island, known for its events that were an attraction for residents and visitors to the island. He envisioned reviving the historic Hotel of Rhodes, one of the most iconic buildings of the entire Dodecanese region, and gave it the glamour that it deserved by turning it into one of the most popular destinations.

The Jewish Community of Rhodes sent her heartfelt condolences to his family and his colleagues for their loss.

Rest in Peace Enrico!

The steamship "Athena": the hidden route in December 1946 how it shipwrecked and whom it was carrying. The hidden itinerary of the steamship "Athena" that shipwrecked off the Astypalea Island. It was carrying 785 Jews to Palestine. Why the British were chasing them...

December 1946. The headlines of the Greek newspapers cover the "rescue of Jewish illegal immigrants".



The steamship "Athena", on which approximately 800 people were aboard, was shipwrecked on the island of Sirna off the Astypalea.

It was one of the many hidden routes that took place in the first years after World War II, for Jews from all over Europe to colonize the state of Israel, which would soon be established. The Jewish organization Haganah secretly chartered ships and operated under code names.

The British were hostile to this mass movement. They considered it would cause them serious problems in their handling of the wider region of Palestine, which was under their jurisdiction. For this reason, they enlisted the navy to repel Jewish ships and treated Holocaust survivors as illegal immigrants.

The steamship "Athena"

The steamship "Athena" was built in 1893 and for 25 years it operated exclusive passenger routes of the Saronic Gulf. When its ownership changed in 1919, it reached as far as the Dodecanese, while in 1925, when it was sold to the Greek Steamship of the Hatzikonstantis brothers, it moved into the Corinthian and Ionian Seas.

"Athena" appears to go out of service in 1935. However, from the outbreak of the Second World War until its end, its traces are lost. A widespread version is that it sank in April 1941. When the Germans departed defeated in '45, it was refloated.

Still, others claim that the ship was not requisitioned, nor sank, but left with the rest of the merchant and war fleet in Egypt.

What is certain is that in November 1946, the steamer "Athena" was chartered, "loaded" 785 Jewish passengers from the port of Bakar in what was then Yugoslavia and began its turbulent voyage. The mission was led by Gad Lesker and members of the team were Abraham Lichovsky, Zvi Taitel and David Baumgarten. They were all enlisted in Palyam, the naval forces of Haganah.



The Shipwreck



The plan of the prearranged course of "Athena" provided that for two weeks the steamboat would follow misleading routes. This would reduce the

chances of being spotted by the British.

At the end of November 1946, the ship embarked with 785 passengers. By the time it came out into the Aegean Sea, everything was going according to plan. Then they were taken aback by a storm. Captain Giannis Svoronos was forced to follow continuous routes between the islands to avoid the strong winds.

But as the hours passed and the bad weather did not seem to stop, he decided to anchor. On the island of Sirna, opposite Astypalea, an exchange of crew was scheduled to take place. Approaching the agreed point, on the evening of December 7th, the Greek captain considered that the dropping of an anchor

was extremely dangerous. The storm was raging more than ever.

The Jewish chief, however, insisted that the exchange should take place. Thus, the decision was made for the ship to approach the great bay of Sirna. The idea proved disastrous. When the anchoring procedure began, the wind grew stronger and swept away the ship, which struck with force on the reef. The water inflow into the lower quarters was immediate and uncontrolled.

The passengers, panicked, grabbed ropes, sheets, blankets and everything else at their disposal and started jumping on the rocks to save themselves. As a result, 8 of them were tragically killed, and dozens were injured.



- Yosef Greenberg, 14 years old
- Peppy Weisberg, 16 years old.
- Tsili Yankowitz, 22 years old.
- Nachum David Futterman, 28 years old
- Dora Katz, 28 years old
- Shelly (unknown last name), 14 years old.
- Etti (unknown last name and age)
- Unidentified immigrant.

NOTE: they buried the dead in Sirna on the same day. Their remains were exhumed during the Israeli Mission in 1950 and taken to the Haifa Cemetery in Israel, where they still remain.

The Rescue

Today, there are no permanent residents in Sirna. In 1946, however, an eight-member family was living there. Thus, although the authorities were notified of the accident the next day, the islanders immediately rushed to the aid of the shipwrecked.

"Athena" send an SOS signal and on December 8, help was sent from Athens. The Greek destroyers "Themistocles" and "Aegeon" arrived, as well as the British destroyer "Chevron", to collect the

shipwrecked. Orders came for the British minesweeper "Providence", which was anchored in Haifa, to sail to the area and help the rest of the ships in the operation.

"Themistocles" took 11 members of the crew of "Athena" and 21 shipwrecked people and transported them to Rhodes. "Providence" went to Souda, Crete, with 256 shipwrecked people, 17 of whom needed hospitalization. Destroyers transported the rest to Cyprus, to the refugee camp in Karaolos.

The press of the time, following the British tramlines, covered the incident by praising the rescue operation and pointing to the phenomenon of massive waves of uncontrolled Jewish illegal migration.

"Reuter's correspondent in Athens telegraphs that on the occasion of the recent shipwreck of Jewish illegal immigrants, it is proven that the center of the whole movement to transfer Jews to Palestine is in Greece. And that the clandestine emigration of Jews is not carried out by Zionist circles, as you think, but by Greeks for speculative purposes."

However, the Jewish Community of Palestine immediately sent a thank-you telegram to Greece for the rescue of hundreds of Jews.

The wreckage

They list the shipwreck on the maps of the Greek Hydrographic Service, as well as on the maps of the German Hydrographic Institute. They place it approximately at 36-20 B 026 42 A-WGS84. The depth of the spot ranges from 70 to 105 meters.



Since the 1950s, many Israelis have visited Sirna. The main visits were from the 1970s onwards, culminating in the 1998 mission. In 1998, the wreckages were removed. Today they are in the museum of PALMACH in Israel.

Source "The time machine (Η μηχανή του χρόνου)"

LINDOS: A magnificent Acropolis on an imposing rock



Lindos lies on the east coast of the island. 50 km south of the town of Rhodes. One of the three ancient cities of the island, you are captivated by the

magnificent view of the Bay of Lindos. The lively village is a unique combination of clear blue skies, crystal-clear waters surrounded by the dazzling white color of the traditional village houses. The astonishing beauty of the castle, the Acropolis of Athena Lindia on the top of the hill enjoying spectacular views, with St. Paul's Bay and the paved streets of the village captivate visitors. A walk through its narrow paved streets reveals the beauty of the traditional island architectures. You can visit the Acropolis either on foot or using the "Lindos Taxi" donkeys to witness the vibrant history of the place.

A brief HISTORY of the ACROPOLIS



A rock, which rises to 116m. forms the finishing touch to the landscape of Lindos, standing dry and imposing in its bareness and surrounded

on all sides by the sea, so that Lindos "may rejoice in the ocean" in the words of a Hellenistic epigram. Lindos does not seem to have been particularly important in the earlier periods, though sporadic finds of the Neolithic period and Bronze Age have been discovered on the acropolis.

According to legend, the foundation of the sanctuary of Athena Lindia goes back to the Mycenaean period, and Mycenaean finds have been yielded by cemeteries in the broader area of Lindos. The archaic period (7th – 6th c. BC) was a golden age for Lindos, which played a leading role in the Greek colonization movement, its most important foundation being Gela in Sicily. The 6th c. BC was dominated by the figure of moderate tyrant, Kleoboulos who ruled Lindos for many years, and was included amongst the "seven

sages" of the ancient world. During his rule, the archaic temple of Athena was built on the site of an earlier structure, and the acropolis received its first monumental form. The Persian advance and later the merger of the three old cities into the new city of Rodos (408 BC) led to a diminution in the importance of Lindos as a political and economic power.



From the highest point of the acropolis can be seen the lower city, in which the most important monuments still visible are the theatre, the Tetrastoon

and the Archokrateion at Kambana, a monumental tomb of an important Lindian family. The Byzantine church of the Panayia is also in the lower city. It was built in the 15th c. decorated with wall-paint paintings in the 17th and 18th c. The traditional settlement of Lindos is in a very good state of preservation. A large number of archontika (mansions) survive, the most important of them the 17th c., indicating that Lindos was a flourishing naval power in the early period of Turkish rule, as indeed throughout its entire history.

View Lindos Village with its cube houses sprawling down the hillside under the Acropolis is one of the most photographed sights in Greece. The whitewashed labyrinth of little alleyways was deliberately designed to confuse pirates; today this layout makes wandering around the town a real adventure! There are also picture-perfect medieval captains' residences built around votsaloto (meaning pebbly) courtyards with emblems on the heavy wooden doorways. Arched entrances adorn the streets adding a cosmopolitan flair to the settlement. Try visiting some of them and admire the stunning interiors with their impressive ceilings and the courtyards paved with votsaloto (pebbles) it feels like you are in a folk museum!

Article taken from "RHODES free press"

DJOHA – PEDRIDOS Y TOPADOS (Lost and Found)



Djoha se merko un vestido nuevo, y desidiyo a echar el viejo afuerra. En bushkando las aldikerras de el vestido viejo, topo un bilyete del

koundouryadji ke era de mas de vente anyos antes. Se disho de para si, "Agora se ke le akontesyeron a akeyos chismes!"

Djoha penso, "Puede ser ke el koundouryadji los tiene los chismes dainda." Se fue al lugar del koundouryadji, le presento el bilyete. El koundouryadji le disho, "Este bilyete es de mas de vente anyos antes." Djoha disho, "Yo se ke es mas de vente anyos, ama no puedes mirar si los tienes ?" El koundouryadji los bushko y los topo. Le demando a Djoha, "Estos son los chismes tuyos ?" Djoha estava tresalido, "Seguramente, estos son los miyos, kuando me los puedes dar ?" Disho el koundouryadji, "Te los puedo aremender en una semana."

Translation

Djoha bought himself a new suit, and decided to throw his old one out. On looking through the pockets of the old suit, he found a ticket from the shoemaker that was more than twenty years old. He said to himself, "Now I know what happened to those boots!"

Djoha thought, "Maybe the shoemaker still has my boots." He went to the shoemaker and presented his ticket. The shoemaker said, "This ticket is more than twenty years old." Djoha said, "I know it is more than twenty years old, but can't you look to see if you still have them?" The shoemaker looked for the boots and found them. He asked Djoha, "Are these your boots?" Djoha was delighted, "Of course these are mine. When can you give them to me?" The shoemaker said, "I can fix them in one week."

Source "Ladino Reveries" by Hank Halio

MEGINA DE KARNI KON PATATA – PESACH MEAT PIE

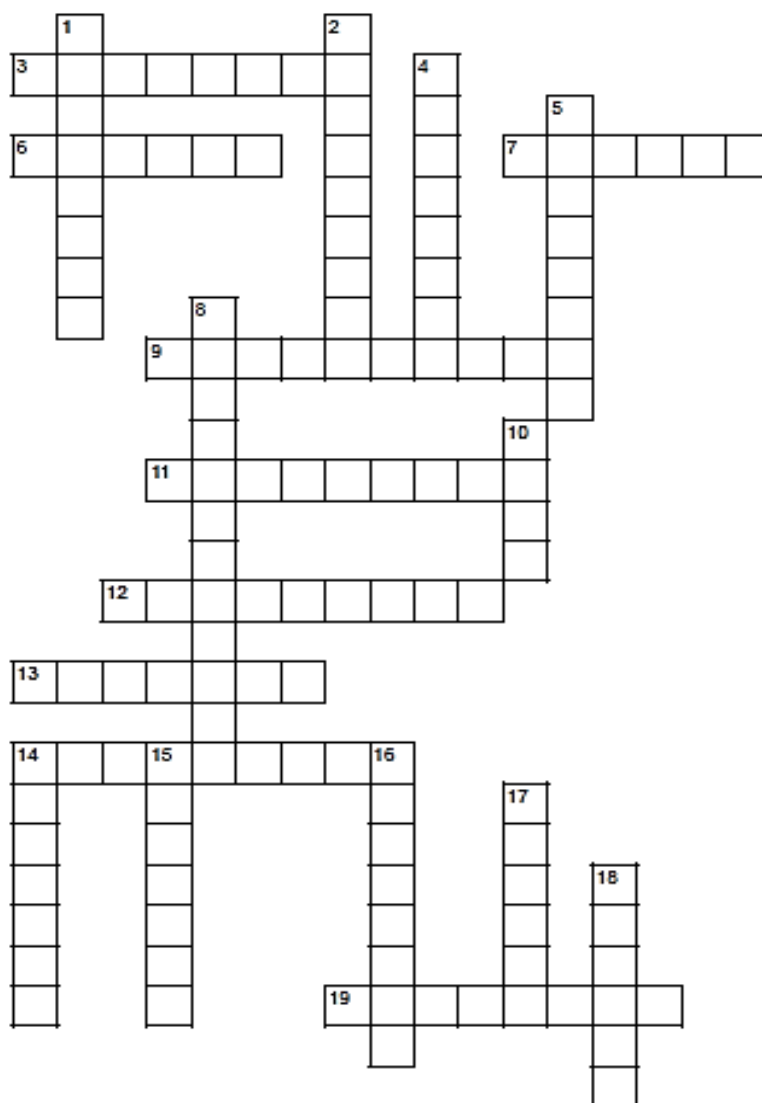
Ingredients

- 1 small onion - chopped
- 500g steak mince
- 2 tablespoons oil
- 1/2 cup parsley - chopped
- salt and pepper
- 2 tablespoons water
- 6 eggs - beaten
- 3 potatoes - mashed
- 4 sheets matza - soaked in water and drained - keeping whole
- 2 tablespoons oil

Glaze onion in hot oil. Add mince and brown for 5 minutes. Add parsley, seasoning and water. Cover and simmer for 15 minutes. Combine 4 beaten eggs with mashed potatoes. Add two-thirds of the mashed potatoes to the meat mixture, adding two beaten eggs. Oil a small casserole and layer matza and meat alternately, finishing with a layer of matza and top with remaining mashed potato. Bake at 200°C for 30 minutes.

Recipe taken from "Sephardic cuisine of Rhodes" by Stella Hanan

CROSSWORD PUZZLE "The Jewish Community of Rhodes"



Across

- 3 Principal of the Rabbinical College
- 6 Last president of the community before deportation
- 7 Ritual bath
- 9 Funded the construction of the building for the Alliance school
- 11 The broad street
- 12 Huevos.....
- 13 He founded a grammar school in Rhodes called Tiferet Israel
- 14 They called the city of Rhodes 'Little...'
- 19 They used to go there for walks, hiking and picnics.

Down

- 1 Stuffed grape leaves
- 2 Circular baked pastries
- 4 Marriage contract
- 5 Drink for breaking the fast on Yom Kippur
- 8 Ten.....
- 10 Governor of Rhodes when the Rabbinical college was established
- 14 The Jewish quarter of Rhodes
- 15 Turkish consul who helped Jews to escape deportation
- 16 When was the Kahal Shalom built? (in Roman letters)
- 17 Jewish refugees came with that ship
- 18 Which word is repeated on the plaque at the entrance of the Synagogue?

Find the Word

Sephardic Delicacies

B	O	W	K	Y	F	T	E	S	J	P	M	D	D	Z	U	M	C
O	F	A	S	U	L	Y	A	F	L	A	R	B	B	D	V	F	O
U	A	L	B	O	N	D	I	G	A	S	Q	U	Y	K	E	O	P
R	V	T	T	N	C	D	J	K	T	T	C	R	A	A	T	N	B
I	O	K	A	P	A	M	A	A	L	E	I	M	P	R	C	G	O
K	T	S	K	A	W	T	C	R	J	L	W	W	R	N	H	O	U
I	M	I	N	E	N	A	S	K	K	I	J	E	A	A	X	S	L
T	F	R	I	T	A	D	A	J	D	K	K	L	K	B	S	D	E
A	H	A	M	I	N	A	D	O	S	O	X	O	B	I	O	K	M
S	B	A	M	Y	A	W	I	C	D	S	Y	S	N	T	M	V	A
P	A	T	C	H	A	B	E	R	E	N	D	J	E	N	A	K	S
H	T	R	A	V	A	D	O	S	W	I	W	Z	U	K	R	Q	W

Find the following words in the puzzle.

Words are hidden → ↓ and ↘ .

ALBONDIGAS
BAMYA
BERENDJENA
BOULEMAS
BOURIKITAS
BURMWELOS
DJAJIK

FASULYA
FONGOS
FRITADA
HAMINADOS
KAPAMA
KARNABIT
KYFTES

MINENAS
PASTELIKOS
PATCHA
TRAVADOS
UVETCH
YAPRAK

[Answers at page 17](#)

TREE PLANTING PROJECT FOR THE CEMETERY IN RHODES



Planting a tree is a meaningful and traditional way in the Jewish faith to honor the memory of departed loved ones and honor them.

The Jewish Community of Rhodes already began the reforestation of the cemetery. Despite the immaculate maintenance of our cemetery, we thought that we could offer the descendants of Rhodes, the honor of planting a tree in memory of victims of the Rhodes Shoah, or simply in memory of a departed loved one.



36 trees have been planted. 25 trees have been adopted. They all have a plaque mentioning the name (s) of the victims and the donor.

We, at the Jewish Community of Rhodes, are very enthusiastic about this project and pleased to offer this opportunity.

There is a limited number of trees. Anyone interested in participating in this “mitzvah”

could contact:

Carmen Cohen

Jewish Community of Rhodes

Email: icrhodes@otenet.gr

Hope that in 2022 we'll have more activities to share with you! Keep in touch!

Donations are welcomed!

If you wish to support our work for the preservation of our history and the up keeping of the community's buildings (cemetery, synagogue, museum) you can make a donation at our bank account or by credit card

National Bank of Greece
Rhodes Medieval Town branch

Jewish Community of Rhodes Kahal Shalom

Swift number-BIC
ETHNGRAA

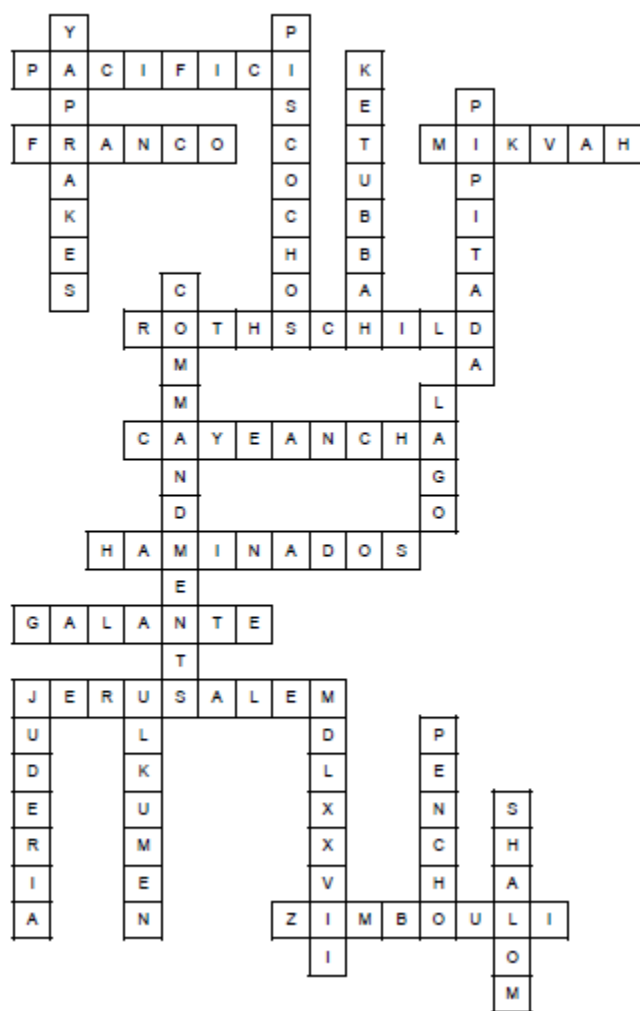
IBAN and Account no.

GR4 10 110461 00000 4612 0408 599

If you are considering donating an artifact of your family to the Jewish Museum of Rhodes please contact us at jcrhodes@otenet.gr

We hope through your generosity our collection will continue to grow!

Crossword Puzzle solution



Sephardic Delicacies

B	.	.	K	Y	F	T	E	S	.	P	.	.	.	U	.	.
O	F	A	S	U	L	Y	A	.	.	A	.	B	.	.	V	F
U	A	L	B	O	N	D	I	G	A	S	.	U	Y	K	E	O
R	.	.	.	.	.	J	.	.	T	.	R	A	A	T	N	B
I	.	K	A	P	A	M	A	A	.	E	.	M	P	R	C	G
K	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	J	L	.	W	R	N	H	O	U
I	M	I	N	E	N	A	S	.	.	I	.	E	A	A	.	S
T	F	R	I	T	A	D	A	.	.	K	K	L	K	B	.	E
A	H	A	M	I	N	A	D	O	S	O	.	O	.	I	.	M
S	B	A	M	Y	A	.	.	.	S	.	S	.	T	.	.	A
P	A	T	C	H	A	B	E	R	E	N	D	J	E	N	A	.
.	T	R	A	V	A	D	O	S	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.